
IMAP Independent Thought Conference

Australian equities – Is the market too optimistic?

September 2023

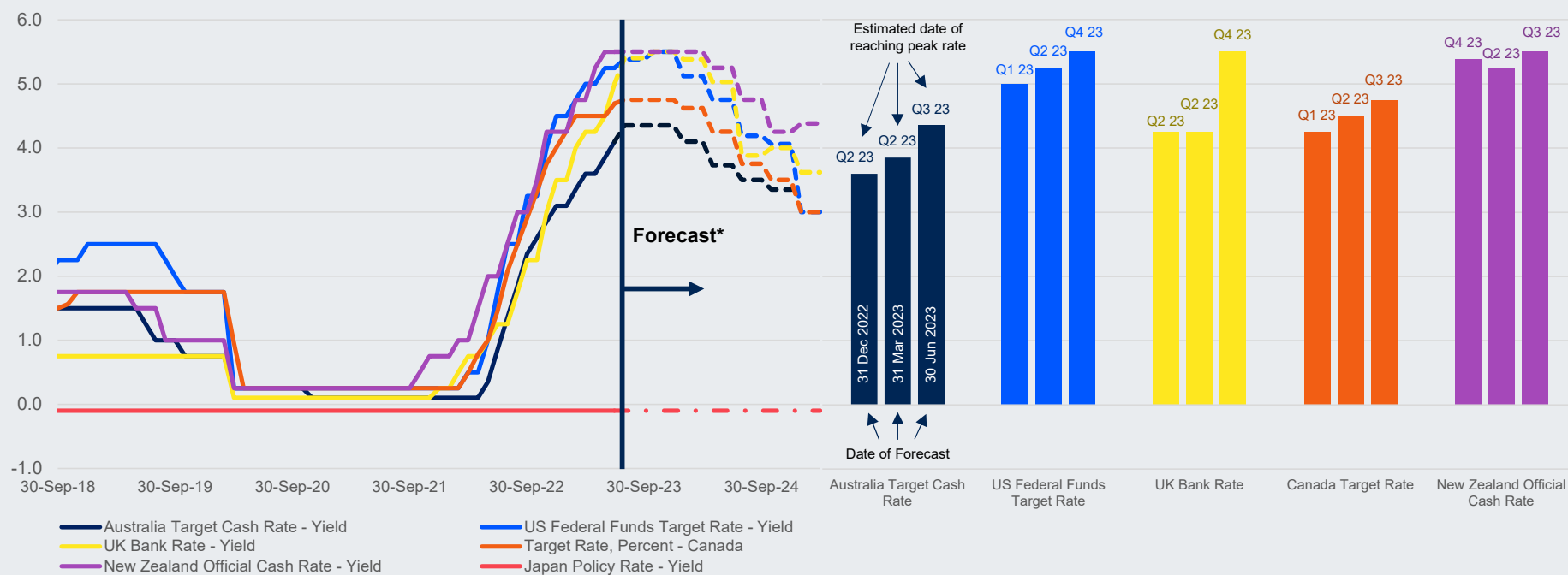
Perpetual Private

Trust is earned.

Perpetual 

Cash rates

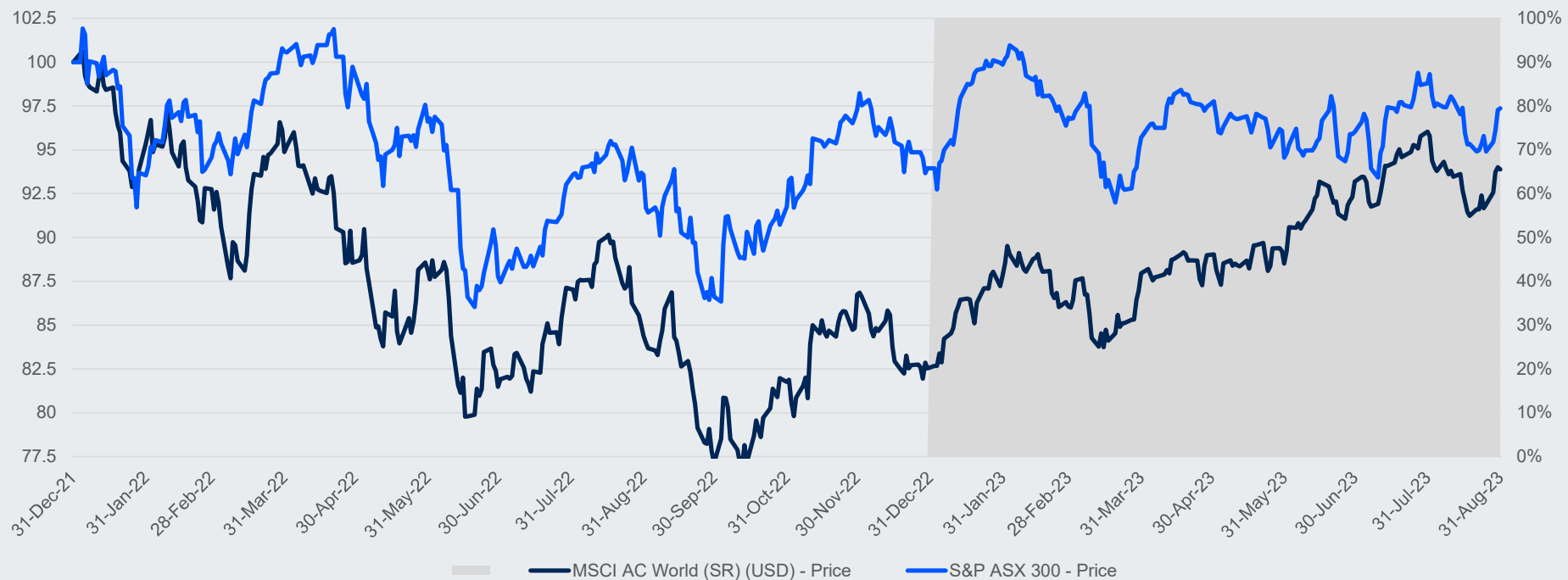
An abrupt change



Central banks have begun to pause or temper rate hikes across the globe as inflation trends down. We are likely close to the peak of the tightening cycle in most developed economies. RBA paused for the third time in August. The Fed paused in June, but continued in August. Peak rate forecasts have increased over the last 6 months and been pushed back as economies have been surprisingly resilient.

2022 vs 2023

A changing landscape



2022 was almost universally bad for all asset classes

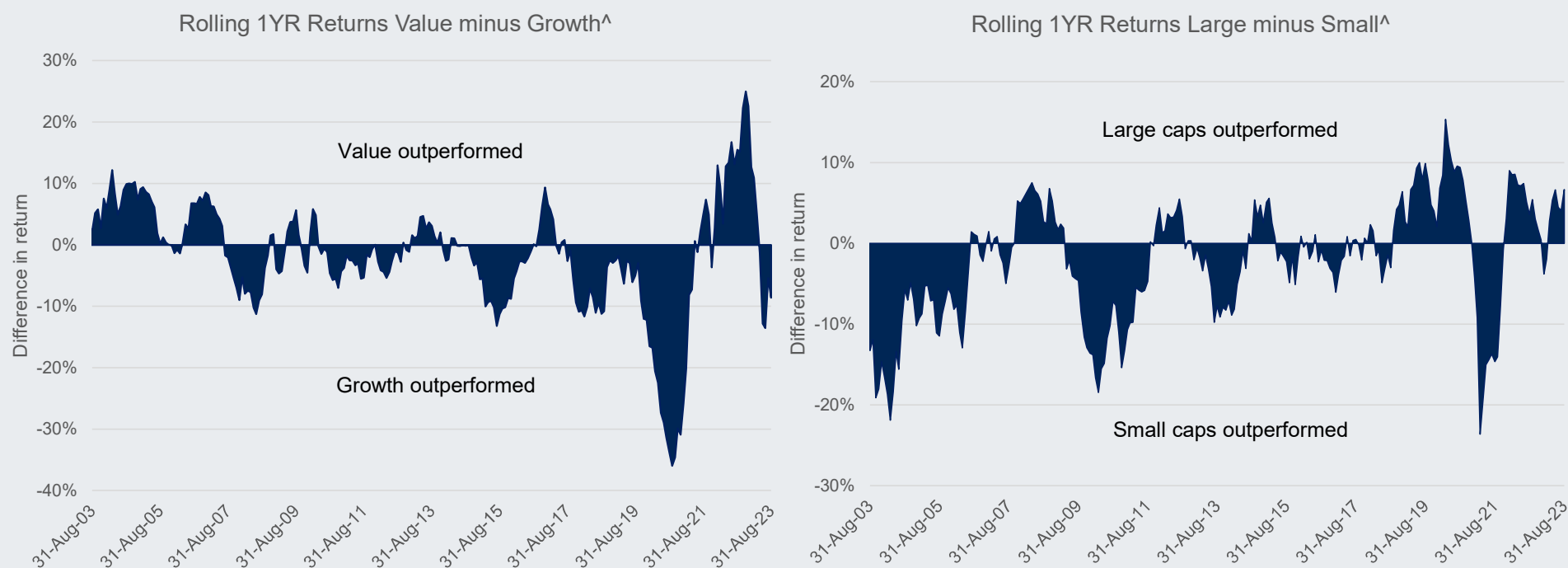
2023 has seen an expansion of multiples, benefitting technology stocks globally

Australia has limited exposure to "Tech", so saw a limited amount of the downside and the recent upside

Sentiment however, has improved as the widely expected recession has failed to arrive

Equities

A swinging pendulum



- | Growth has swung back into favour over the last 6 months as equity markets rally on AI innovation.
- | Large cap stock indices have benefitted from this rally, as well as investors seeking quality amid looming economic slowdown.
- | Companies with strong balance sheets and high quality earnings expected to do well.
- | Significant volatility in equity markets, and dispersion between sectors should create opportunities for good active managers.

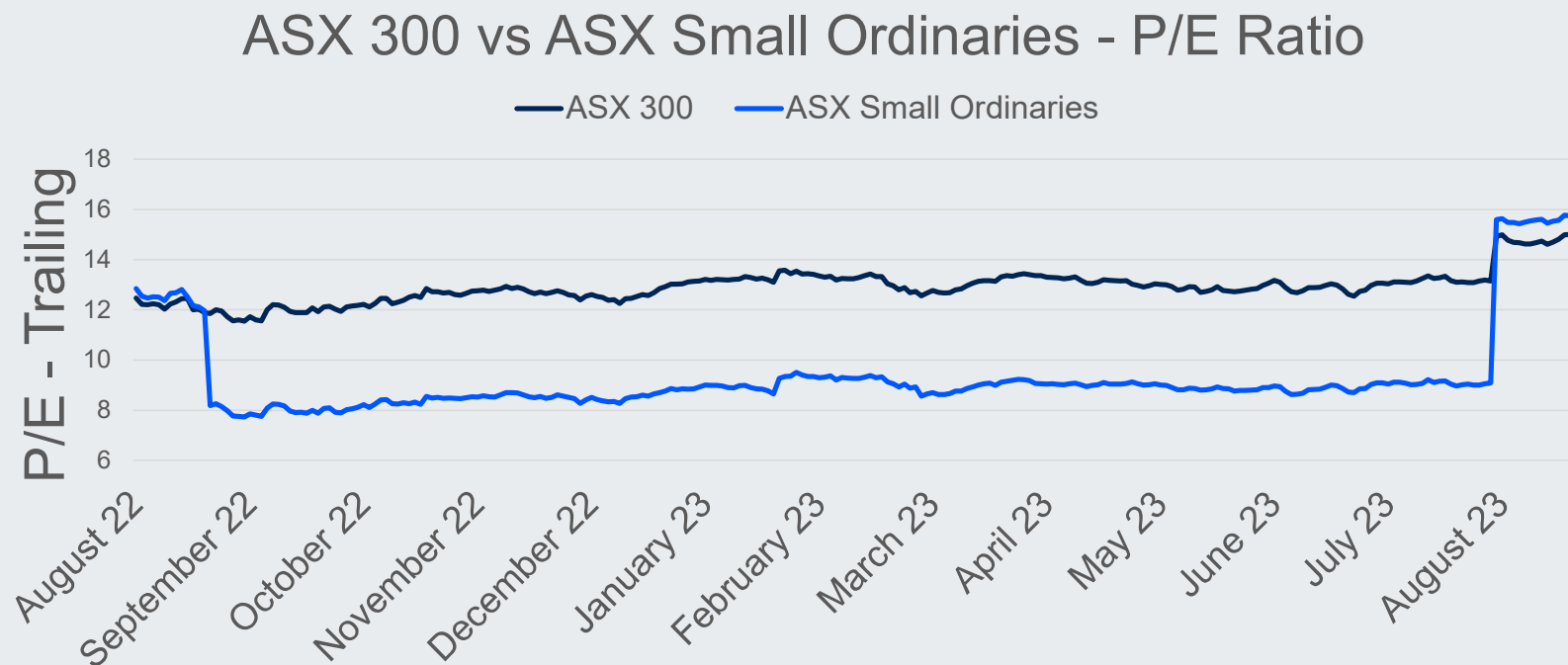
Source: FactSet, Returns are in AUD, September 2023

^As measured by the MSCI AC World Value, Growth, Large Cap and Small cap indices.

Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Expanded multiples

Despite robust earnings season



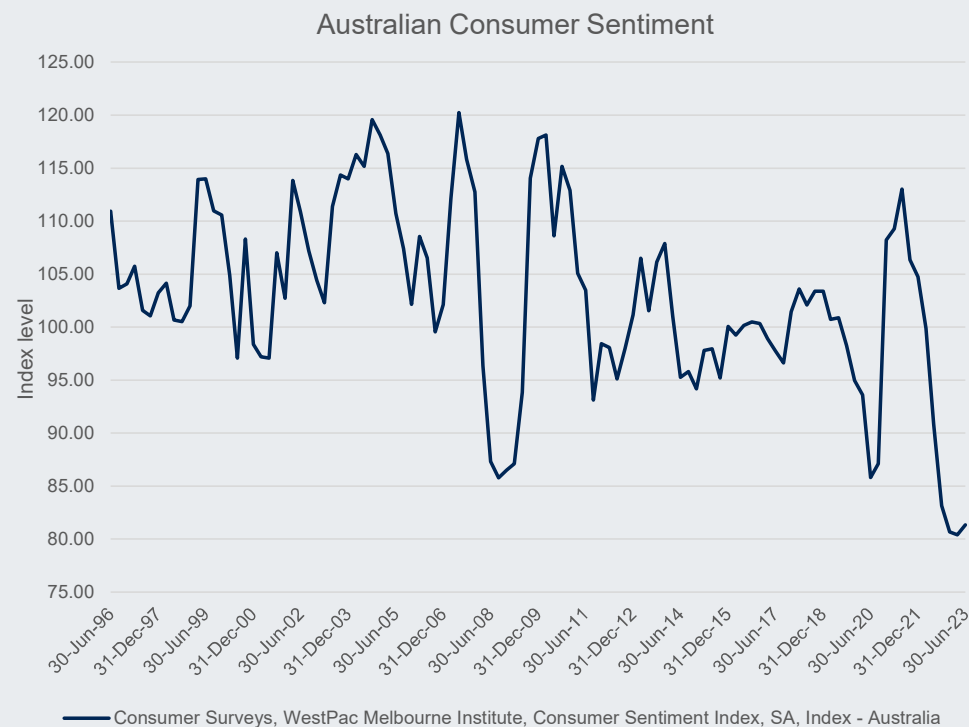
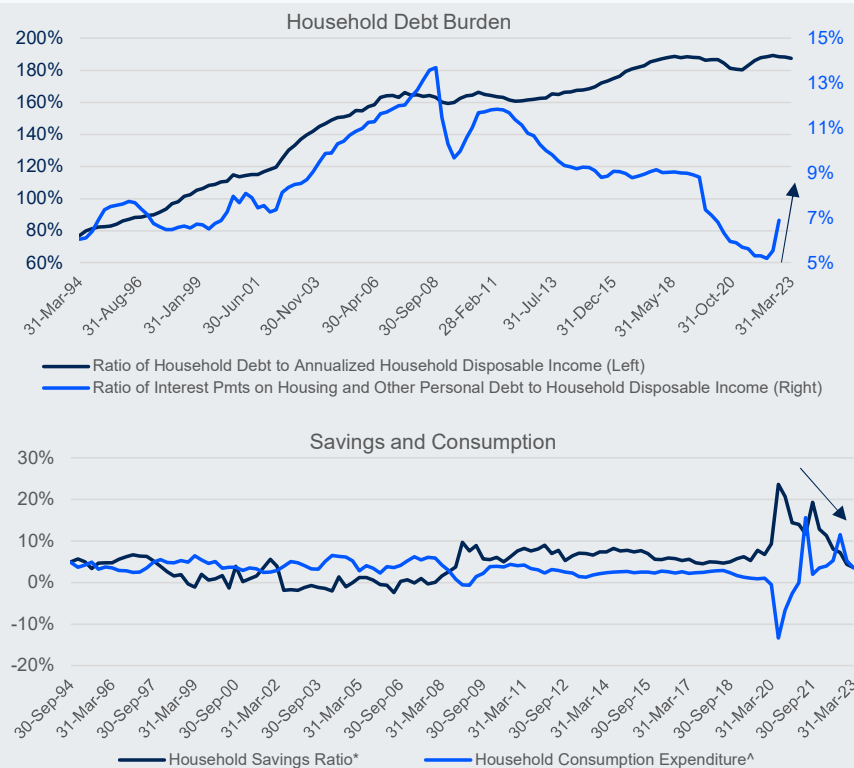
Sentiment appears to be driving returns

Though the recent earnings season has been encouraging, valuations have adjusted to expectations rather than results

Is there potential to benefit from dislocations?

Consumers starting to feel the pinch

Signs that Australian consumers are likely to curb spending in the second half of the year



Consumer sentiment is at 30 year lows when measured on a quarterly basis.

Household debt to disposable income at 30 year highs, interest rates at 15 year highs & may remain high due to sticky inflation.

Excess savings have allowed consumers to continue spending, expect this to tighten over the next 12 months as savings deplete.

Reduction in consumer demand is good news for inflation but bad news for economies if demand slows too rapidly.

Source: FactSet, RBA, ABS September 2023.

*Year-on-Year % change in Real GDP, Household Consumption Expenditure, At 2016-17 Chained Volumes, Seasonally Adjusted, Mil AUD – Australia

^Year-on-Year % change in Household Savings Ratio, Seasonally Adjusted - Australia